## Repaso: Los sustantivos (the nouns)

## **F.O.L.** #1 (fact of life #1) ALL nouns in Spanish have ... number and gender This also means that every Spanish noun—person, place, thing or idea—is... singular femenino OR OR plural masculino • How do I know if a noun is singular or plural? • © **EASY!** Plural nouns end in - **S** . • Can I make a singular noun plural? \_\_\_\_iSí!\_\_\_ • If a noun ends in a **YOWEL**, you can make it plural simply by adding \_\_\_\_\_s\_\_. If a noun ends in a CONSONANT, you can make it plural by adding \_\_\_\_\_es\_\_. If a noun ends in a **Z**, you must first change the **Z** to a **c**, and then add **es**. If a noun ends in **–as**, **–es**, **–is**, **or –os** do **NOT** change, only the article is made plural. How do I know if a noun is masculine or feminine? O NOT SO EASY ... Think about the **ending** of the word. If the definition of the word refers to a If the definition of the word refers to a boy or a man (son, brother, father, etc.), the girl or a woman (daughter, sister, mother, noun is masculino. etc.), the noun is femenino. To determine the gender of the word, look at the **ending** of the word. 97% of the time **Masculine** nouns **END** 98% of the time **Feminine** nouns **END** with with D . ION . Z . A . . O . N . E . R . S . So 2% of the words need to be memorized. So 3% of the words need to be Many nouns that end in memorized. -umbre, -ie, -ión, -dad, -tad & -tud are usually Many words that end with **-ma** & **-pa** are masculine. feminine. • **HOWEVER**, there are some nouns that do not follow a pattern at all. It is very IMPORTANT to know each noun's gender. You will need to **memorize** the gender of these "**TRICKY**" ones.

Can I change the gender of a noun? **NO, nunca!**